PROJECT 10073 RECORD

	PROJECT 10073 RECORD					
1. DATE - TIME GROUP 24 Jun 47	2. LOCAT   Nt. Rainer, Washington					
3. SOURCE Civilian	10. CONCLUSION Other (MIRAGE)					
4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS Nine						
5. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION	11. BRIEF SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS					
23-3 minutes  6. TYPE OF OBSERVATION  Air-Visual  7. COURSE	Observer sighted a large circular objects heading west.  They appeared as mirror-like reflections which dipped and twisted at a very high rate of speed. Skeres were made.					
West						
8. PHOTOS  例 Yes   No						
9. PHYSICAL EVIDENCE  17 Yes  17 No						

FORM
FTD SEP 63 0-329 (TDE) Previous editions of this form may be used.

Arnold made drawings of objects showing definite shape, and stated that objects seemed about 20 times as long as wide, estimating them as 45-50 feet long.

He also estimated the distance as 20-25 miles and clocked them as going 47 miles in 102 seconds. (1700 MPH)

These statements are mutually contradictory:

If the distance were correct, then in order for details to be seen, objects must have been of the order of 100 X 2000 feet in size.

If, we adopt a reasonable size - sown estimate, in fact, of 50 feet long, hence about 3 feet wide, the objects must have been closer than a mile, obviously contrary to his statement.

If we adopt a reasonable limiting size to the objects of 20 X 400 feet, objects must have been closer than six miles to have shown the detail indicated by 1. At this distance, angular speed observed corresponds to a maximum speed of 400 MPH.

In all probability, therefore, objects were much closer than thought, and moving at definitely "sub-sonic" speeds.

Note: Observational data taken from original files.

All or other direction to

J. Allen Hynek

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10 fact at the 101/mile. iffort in 1000 feet 10 / Luile Computations in the Dead Case by Dr. Hynch, 2814

which contain some evidence but have no apparent ready explanation. This statement is true only under the assumption that the evidence is a fed as reliable and notable. Then payer old joal are interested as the assumption of the distance is called explained sationally, as pointed out by Rend Corporation a law facts of Air Nateriel Command Acro-Medical Laborators (see Age and age and age).

Air attriel Command Aero-Wedenh La Jore tony (17 - 740)

There are sufficient psychological explanations for the sumidentified flying objects to provide plausible explanations for the ports not otherwise explainable. These errors in identifying to stimuli result chiefly from inability to estimate speed, distance, size.

All of the remaining 34 incidents are treated in detail in the report. These incidents form no pattern in regard to area of sintill type of object, or manner of performance. There are indicated ever, that some sightings were influenced by carlier reports, probably would not have been considered unusual or reported been no sablicity.

### Project Cruigo

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## Wir. Survery of ANC Evaluation of Pensining Reports

The remaining unexplained incidents (see Appendix "1") emailies de common characteristics. Two of them, by statements of the reported which not large been made had the witnesses not read of the 1%. Asham

throughout the United States. A few were outside the U.S. No two execuptions of appearance or performance were exactly alike. The remeted sightings occurred at various times of day and year.

### APPEIDIX I

In the following section of this report, each remaining unexplained incident is considered separately. It is not the intent to generally discreding the character of observers, but each case has undesirable elements, and these cannot be disregarded. The numerical designation is merely the categorical order of the incident in the project files.

1, 10, (17, 21, 29, 35, 37, 40, 51, 58, 62, 64, 68, 71, 75, 76, 77, 79, 84, 111, 122, 134, 135, 151, 152, 154, 162, 168, 176, 183, 186, 193, 207, 215, 236.

# MT RANIER, WASHINGTON

On 24 June 1947 at 1400 Mr. 16 Media and took off from the Chehalis, Washington Airport in his personal plane and headed for Yakima, Washington. Mr. 16 Media trip was delayed for an hour in search of a large marine transport that supposedly went down near or around the southwest side of Mt. Ranier. After take-off Mr. 16 flew directly toward Mt. Ranier at an altitude of approximately 9,500 feet, which is the approximate elevation of the high plateau from which Mt. Ranier rises. He made one sweep of this high plateau to the westward, searching all of the various ridges for the marine ship and flew to the west near the ridge side of the canyon where Ashford, Washington is located. Unable to see anything that looked like the lost plane, Mr. 16 Mede a 360 degree turn to the right above the town of Mineral, starting again toward Mt. Ranier and climbing to an altitude of 9,200 feet.

Mr. deported that the air was so smooth that it was a real pleasure flying, and, as most pilots do when the air is smooth and they are at a higher altitude, he trimmed out the aircraft and simply sat in his plane observing the sky and terrain.

Mr. A reported that there was a DC-4 to his left and rear at approximately 14,000 feet. The sky was reported to be as clear as crystal. He hadn't flown more than two or three minutes on his course when a bright flash reflected on his airplane. He couldn't find where the reflection came from, but to the left and north of Mt. Ranier he did observe a chain of nine peculiar looking objects flying from north to south at approximately 9,500 feet. They were approaching Mt. Ranier very rapidly, and he assumed that they were jet aircraft. Every few seconds two or three of the objects would dip or change course slightly, just enough for the sun to strike them at an angle and reflect brightly. The objects being quite far away, he was unable to make out their shape or formation. As they approached Mt. Ranier he observed their outline quite clearly. Mr. and stated that he found it very peculiar that he couldn't find their tails but assumed they were some type of jet aircraft. The objects were observed to pass the southern edge of Mt. Ranier flying directly south to southeast down the hog's back of a mountain range. The elevation of the objects was estimated to have varied approximately one thousand feet one way or another but remained very near the horizon, which would indicate that they were near the same elevation as the witness. Mr. And stated that the objects flew like geese, in a rather diagonal chain-like line as if they were linked together. They seemed to hold a definite direction but swerved in and out of the high mountain peaks. The witness estimated the distance between him and the objects to be approximately 25 miles. Using a Zeus fastener, or cowling tool, he estimated the size of the objects to be approximately two thirds that of a DC-4. He observed the UFO's passing a high snow covered ridge in between Mt. Ranier and Mt. Adams and reported that as the first object was passing the south crest of this ridge the last one was entering the northern crest of the ridge. Later measurement of length of this particular ridge revealed it was approximately five miles, so it was estimated the chain of objects was five miles long. Mr. Manuel timed the objects between Mt. Ranier and Mt. Adams and determined they crossed this 47 miles in one minute and forty-two seconds. This is equivilant to 1656.71 miles per hour.

In a subsequent interview Mr. A described the objects as appearing like saucers skipping on water. This description was shortened to "Flying Saucers" by newspaper men and resulted in the popular use of this term.

It is the Air Force conclusion that the objects of this sighting were due to a mirage. Mr. \*\* statement concerning how smooth and crystal clear the air was is an indication of very stable conditions which are associated with inversions, and increase the refraction index of the atmosphere.



### HEADQUARTERS FOURTH AIR FORCE

DEFICE OF THE COMMANDING GENERAL HAMILTON FIELD, CALIFORNIA

\$33.5/4/3 G ...

8 SEP 1947

SUBJECT: Investigation of Flying Disc.

TO: Commanding General, Army Air Forces, Washington, D. C.
ATTENTION: AC of AS-2

- 1. The attached telegram was received by Lt. Col. Springer at Hamilton Field, California, 1 September 1947.
- 2. Reference is made to Surmary of Information forwarded from this headquarters, File 4AFDA 333.5/13 (Gen) 1208-I, dated 27 August 1947. It is the opinion of this headquarters that Ir and the all sincerity, will attempt to substantiate his investigation as stated in the attached telegram.
- 3. Inasmuch as this headquarters has no authority to request a civilian to maintain secrecy, no request will be made to ir a with reference to the subject matter.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

T----

Photostat, telegram dtd Aug 31. (dup)

Acting Asst Adju art Ceneral

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BOISE IDAHO AUG 31

COLONEL SPRINGER

A-2 OFFICE HAMILTON FIELD CALIF

I HAVE OFFER TO SELL MY DETAILED ACCOUNT OF AN INVESTIGATION OF FLYING DISC THAT TOOK PLACE IN TACOMA WASHINGTON JULY 29 THRU AUGUST 3RD INCLUDING MY MOVIE FILM OF FACTS PERSONS PLACES AND FRAGMENTS INVOLVED UNLESS I RECEIVE DEFINITE WORD TO THE CONTARY FROM A-2 WITHIN FIVE DAYS THIS STORY WILL NO DOUBT BE PUBLISHED

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ASC-251-D

ROUTINE X MULTIPLE ADDRESS

TELETYPE MESSAGE

AIR SERVICE COMMAND TELETYPE NETWORK

TSPRO-1B1/WCA/ad

FROM:

ALIC

DATE: 10 July 1947

WILLIAM C. ANDERSO

NAME THE CANDER THE THE THE COFFICER

TO

Box 387

CLASS:

Boise, Idaho

ACCOUNT OF UNIDENTIFIED AIRCRAFT INCIDENT. MATERIAL BRING RETAINED HERE, COPIES
FORMARDED INTELLIGENCE WASHINGTON FOR INVESTIGATION. VARIOUS NEWS SERVICES REQUEST
PERMISSION TO PRINT EXCURPTS FROM YOUR REPORT. PLEASE WIRE IMMEDIATELY PUBLIC
INFO MATION OFFICER, WRIGHT FIELD, IF OKAY. SIGNED PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICE.

INC FILET 17

17

	C. G. OR C. O.	CONTROL OFFICE	MAINTENANCE	P&T	SUPPLY	BUDGET & FISCAL	OTHERS
COORDINATION							

9:40

WUARD 166/165 6 ENTRA COVT DL COLLECT

PINDLITON ONG JUL 12 1253A

COMMANDING CENTERIAL

WRIGHT FIELD DAYTON OLLO

DEAR SIR: YOU HAVE MY PERMISSION TO QUOTE GIVE GUT OR
REPRINT MY WRITTEN ACCOUNT AND REPORT OF MINE STRANGE
AIRCRAFT I OBSERVED ON JUNE SATH IN THE CASCADE MOUNTAINS
IN THE STATE OF MASHINGTON. THIS REPORT WAS SENT TO YOU

AT REQUEST SOME DAYS AGO. IT IS WITH CONSIDERABLE

DISAPPOINTMENT YOU CANNOT GIVE THE EXPLANATION OF THESE
AIRCRAFT AS I FELT CERTAIN THEY BELONGED TO OUR GOVERNMENT.

THEY HAVE APPAREETLY LIGHT NO MARM BUT USED AS AN INSTRUMENT
OF DESTRUCTION IN COMBINATION WITH OUR ATOMIC BOND THE

EFFECTS COULD DESTROY LIFE ON OUR PLANET. CAPT

CO-PILOT STEVENS OF UNITED AIR LIMES AND MYSELF HAVE COMPARED
OUR OBSERVATIONS IN AS MUCH DETAIL AS POSSIBLE AND AGREED
WE HAD OBSERVED THE SAME TYPE OF AIRCRAFT AS TO SIZE SHAPE
AND FORM. WE HAVE NOTTABLE THIS LIGHTLY IT IS TO US OF

VERY SERIOUS CONVERN AS HE ARE AS INTERESTED IN THE WELFARE
OF OLE COUNTRY AS YOU ARE

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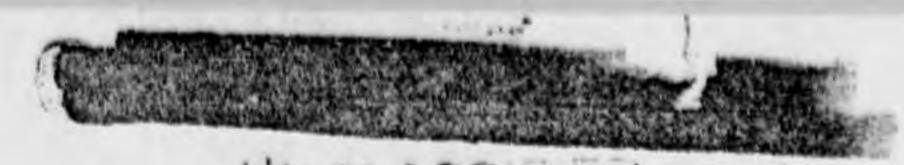
INO FILE

- 2. Time 1500
- 3. Location Mt. Ranier, Washington
- 4. Namo of observor
- 5. Occupation of observer Desler in fire control supplies holds private
- 6. Address of observer Boise, Idaho
- 7. Place of observation Neer Mineral, Washington
- 8. Number of objects . 9
- 9. Distance of object from observer The 20 to 25 miles
- 10. Time in sight 2-1/2 to 3 minutes
- 11. Altitude 9.500 ft
- 12. Speed WWW Approx 150 MPH
- 13. Direction of flight North to South at 1700
- 14. Tactics Herizontal flight
- 15. Sound N/S
- 16. Size Approximately that of DC-4 45 to 50 ft
- 17. Color mirror like
- 18. Shapo Approximately circular
- 19. Odor detected E/S
- 20. Apparent construction E/S
- 21. Exhaust trails E/S
- 22. Weather conditions CANU
- 23. Effect on clouds K/S
- 24. Sketches or photographs Drawings
- 25. Manner of disappearance N/S
- 26. Remarks: (over) UNCLASSIFIED

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Pilot Le altique of appronne le place et altique of appronne lely 9,200 feet. he trimmed out plane in direction of lamine, Washington which was almost directly east of his position and sat in his plane observing the sky and the terrain. To the left was a DC-4 and to his rear approximately 15 miles distant there was a 14,000 ft elevation. The sky was clear as crystal. A bright flash suddenly reflected on the plane. Upon looking to the left and to the north of Mt. Rainer he observed a chair of 9 peculiar looking craft flying from north to south at approximately 9,500 ft elevation and going seemingly in a definite direction of about 170°. Thought at first they were jet sircraft but noticed that every few seconds 2 or 3 of them would dip or change their sames course slightly just enough to cause the sun to strike them at an angle which reflected brightly on his plane. As they approached Mt. Rainier he could observe their outlines against the snow quite plainly, but couldn't find any tails. Clocked speed and found it to be approximately 150 MPH. Mever before had he observed planes flying so close to mountain tops. They flew directly south to southeast down the hog's back of a mountain range. Pilot thought they were at approximately the same elevation as he was. They flew in rather diagonal chain-like line as if linked together and seemed to hold a definite direction but swerved in and out of the high mountain peaks. Distance which was almost at right angles seemed to be between 20 to 25 miles. Thought they were quite large to be observed at that distance even on a clear day. They seemed smaller than the DC-4 but he judged their span to be as wide as the furtherest engines on each side of the fuselage of the DC-4 (45 to 50 ft). The chain seemed to be approximately five miles long.

NOTE: It was the opinion of the agent interviewing Mr. That that he saw the "flying discs" In this regard agent further stated that if Mr. Arnold could write a report of such a character and did not see the objects he was in the wrong business and should be engaged in writing Buck Rogers fiction.

The attached is what I would later produced. See "Fate" regarine article by I would be to be the control of the

Seemed to travel in sidewise position and did not appear to whirl or spin



They seemed longer than wide thickness being about 1/20 of width

Incident m17 -- page 3

original estimate is also incorrect; if the objects had travelled 47 miles in 102 seconds, they would have been travelling at a rate of approximately 1700 Mali, not 1200.)

In view of the above, it appears probable that whatever objects were observed were travelling at subsonic speeds and may, there-



Incident # 28

- 1. Date 21 June 1947
- 2. Time Not stated
  - 3. Location Idaho
    - . . . . Hame of observer
      - 5. Occupation of observer
      - 6. Address of observer Not stated
      - 7. Place of observation Idaho western sky
      - 8. Number of objects 1
      - 9. Distance of object from observer Not stated
      - 10. Time in sight Not stated
      - Altitude Not stated
      - bottopood Remained immobile 12. Speed
      - Direction of flight Didn't move just secmed to go below the horizon 13. with the rotation of the earth
      - 14. Tactics bobooox hovering
      - 15. Sound Not stated
      - 16. Size not stated
      - Color not stated 17.
- 18. Shape comet-like
  - 19. Odor detected Not stated
    - Apparent construction not stated 20.
    - Exhaust trails Not stated
    - 22. Weather conditions Not stated
    - Effect on clouds comet-like hanging in the western sky
    - Not stated Sketches or photographs
    - Manner of disappearance 25.

botation of the earth. UNCLASSIFIED seemed to go below the horizon with the

26. Remarks:

YYXX (Over)



Lt Covalliant and said that he saw a "comet-like object hanging in the western sky June 24." He stated that the object "didn't move but just seemed to go below the horizon with the rotation of the earth."



Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, A-2 Intelligence Hamilton Field, California

4AFDA 833.5 ID

17 July 1947

SUBJECT: Investigation of "Flying Discs"

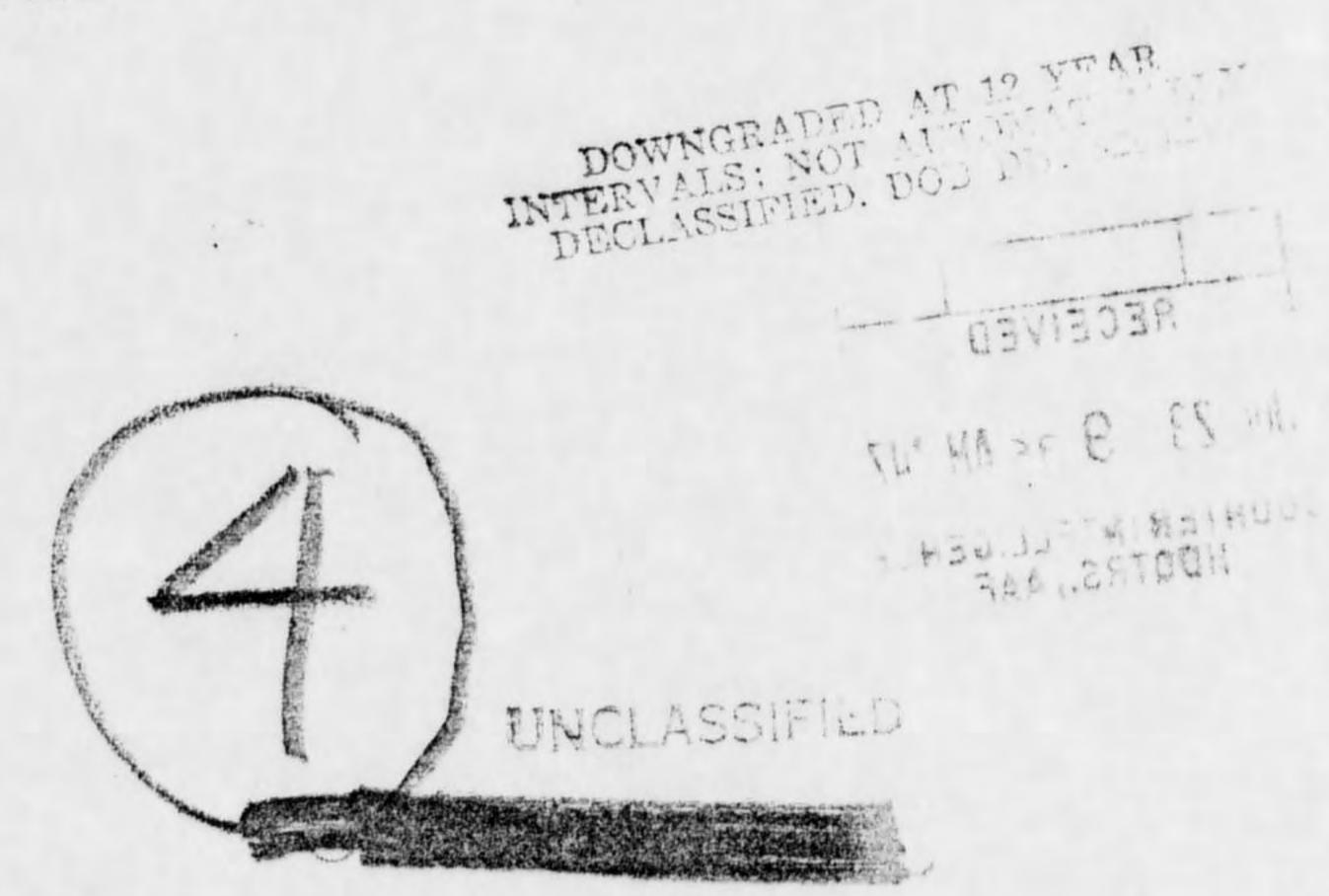
TO: Commanding General, Army Air Forces, Washington 25, D. C. ATTENTION: AC of AS-2

- 1. Attached statements and MOICs forwarded to your office per request TMX from Headquarters Air Defense Command, Mitchel Field, N. Y., dated 10 July 1947.
- 2. This headquarters is unable to locate little in, however, as soon as he is located, statement and MOIC will be forwarded direct to your office.
  - S. Information copies furnished Headquarters Air Defense Command.

4 Incls:
1. MOIC 16 Jul/Brown (dup)
2. MOIC 16 Jul/Brown (dup)
3. MOIC 16 Jul/Brown (dup)
4. MOIC 16 Jul/Brown (dup)

DONALD L. SPRINGER Lt. Colonel, GSC AC of S, A-2

Infe ec to ADC



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Incluent 1200 1 16 July 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

1. On 12 July 1947, a call was made at the newspaper office of the "Idaho Daily Statesman", Boise, Idaho. The aviation editor of the paper, Mr. David N. Johnson, was interviewed in regard to how well he knew Mr. .... to the credibility of any statement made by Mr. Arnold. The purpose of this interview was an attempt to verify statements made by Mr. Name 1917, to various national news services to the effect that he, Mr. America, had seen 9 objects flying in the zir above the Cascade Mountain Range of Washington. These objects were subsequently referred to as flying saucers or flying disks and will here-in-after be referred to as such in this report. Mr. Johnson stated that he had known Mr. - the for quite a period of time, having had relations with Mr. . . on various occasions, due to the fact that both he, Mr. Johnson, and Mr. delicate were private fliers and frequently got together to talk shop. Mr. Johnson taken very seriously and that he, Mr. Johnson, actually believed that Mr. had seen the aforementioned flying disks. Mr. Johnson stated that after Mr. reported having seen the flying disks, that the editor of the paper had assigned him, Mr. Johnson, the assignment of taking the airplane belonging to the newspaper and exhausting all efforts to prove or disprove the probability of flying disks having been seen in the northwest area. The results of this assignment to Mr. Johnson and what he subsequently saw is put forth in a sworn statement signed by Wr. Johnson attached to this report as Exhibit B.

AGENT'S NOTES: Mr. Johnson is a man of approximately 33 to 35 years of age. From all appearances he is a very reserved type of person. Mr. Johnson has logged 2800 hours of flying time in various types of airplanes up to and including multi-engine aircraft. During part of the war years, Mr. Johnson was the first pilot of a B-29 type aircraft being assigned to the Twentieth USAAF and stationed on Tinian Island, in the Pacific. It is the personal opinion of the interviewer that Mr. Johnson actually saw what he states that he saw in the attached report. It is also the opinion of the interviewer that Mr. Johnson would have much more to lose than gain and would have to be very strongly convinced that he actually saw something before he would report such an incident and open himself for the ridicule that would accompany such a report.

1 Incl: Exhibit "B"

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FRANK M. HROWN, S/A, CIC 5th AF. 34 CTC



Statement of David L. Johnson at Bolse, Lumbo, July 11, 1847

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20 11 12 10 1

To Whom It May Concern:

On the sixth day of July, 1947, I received from James L. Brown, general manager of the Statesman Newspapers, incorporated in Idaho as The Statesman Printing company, an assignment which was in substance:

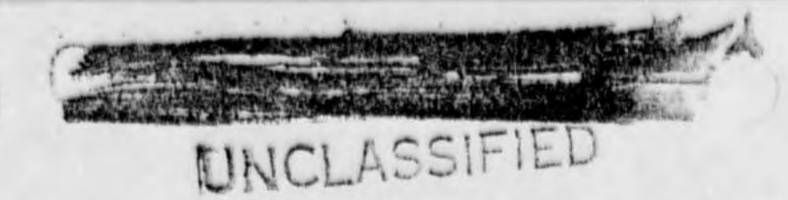
/ "Conduct an aerial search of the northwest states in an effort to see and photograph a flying disc. Conduct this patrol for so long a time as you believe reasonable, or until you see a flying disc."

In accordance to these instructions, I took the Statesman's airplane, and with Home as passenger, flew a seven and one-half hour mission on the seventh day of July, 1947. This mission was without result. It covered an area embracing the confines of the Eanford plant in Washington, and territory between and around Mt. Rainier and Mt. Adams, where the first reported seeing objects henceforth described as saucers or discs.

On the eighth day of July, 1947, I took an AT-6 of the 190th Fighter squadron, Idaho National Guard, of which I am a member, and flew to northern Idaho, into northwestern Montana briefly, to Spokane, Washington, and back to Boise by way of Malla Malla, Washington, and Pendleton, Oregon. This search also was negative.

On the minth day of July, 1847, I continued the search, again using a national guard AT-6, this time centering my efforts over the Owyhee mountains west and southwest of Soise, a portion of the Mountain Home desert on a track southeast of the Mountain Home army air base, thence into the Sawtooth nountains, and back in the general direction of Boise on a line carrying me well to the north of the Shafer butte forest service lockout station, into the Horseshoe Bend area, and thence back in a southwesterly direction to a point

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between Scies and the village of Seriaich, west of soice a few dice.

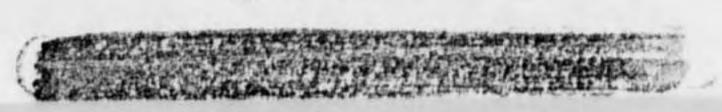
During this search, which lasted approximately two and one-half hours, I flow under and around rapidly forming cumulus clouds over that area known as the Camas Prairie, east of Boise. The clouds were near the village of Fairfield in that valley, and Fairfield is 75 miles minimated distance east of Boise. At that time I saw nothing in the vicinity of these clouds.

At the time I reached the point between Boise and Meridian, I was flying at an altitude of 14,000 feet mean sea level, which would be a mean average of 11,000 feet above the earth in this area, not considering errors in the altimeter induced either by barometric changes since my takeoff, or by the temperature at that altitude.

I turned the aircraft on an easterly heading, pointing toward Gowen Field, and had flown on that course for perhaps a minute when there suddenly appeared in the left hand portion of my field of vision an object which was black and round.

I immediately centered my gaze on the object. At that time, due to its erretic movement, I thought I was seeing a weather balloon. I called the CAA's communication station at Boise, and asked if the weather station had recently released a balloon. The reply from communicator Albertson was that the bureau had not. I do not remember his exact words; I am under the impression he said "not for several hours" or gave me the exact time of the previous release, which was around 08:30 that day.

Upon hearing this response, I turned the aircraft broadside to the object, pulled back the plexiglass covering to avoid any distortion, took my camera from the map case, and exposed about 10 seconds' duration of eight millimeter motion picture film. During the time the camera was at eye level,



I could not see the object because of minuteness of scope introduced by the optical wise Singer which the camera; the false Eastman, was equipped.

Taking the camera away and once again centering my gaze on the object, I observed it to roll so that its edge was presented to me. At this time it flashed once in the sunlight. It then appeared as a thin black line. It then performed a maneuver which looked as if it had begun a slow roll, or a barrel roll, which instead of being completed, was broken off at about the /180-degree point. The object rolled out of the top of the maneuver at this point, and I lost sight of it.

This entire performance was observed against the background of clouds previously forming over the Camas Prairie. The object appeared to me, relatively, as the size of a twenty-five cent piece. I do not know how far away it was. I do not know, nor can I truthfully estimate, its speed. I can only say it was not an airplane, and if it was at a very great distance from me, its speed was great, taking into consideration that apparent speed is reduced to the viewer if an object is a very great distance away.

I forgot to look at my clock to determine the exact time I saw the object. The CAA's log of radio contacts shows my first contact to have been made at 12:17 hours. But a few seconds elapsed between the time I first saw the object, and the time I called the CAA's station.

I subsequently related over the radio a description of what I saw, and communicator Albertson may remember it. The control tower may have a recording of the conversation. I have not checked to determine that.

The purpose of my relating over the air what I saw was to enable rapid transmission of the report to the newspaper, for at that time I was on assignment and my energies thenceforth were devoted to (1) transmitting the information and (2) conducting a further search, which I did after landing for fuel and to make some telephone calls.



The next search, begun within half an hour after landing from the first one, consumed another two hours, but was negative. I employed the outlies by the region where I saw the object.

Immediately after sighting the object, I asked if there were other aircraft in the area. There was a P-51 of the 190th squadron practicing maneuvers in the vicinity of Euna, but that was besind me. A 0-82 passed over Soise, but I saw that aircraft go beneath me by some 2,000 feet.

The P-51 in the vicinity of Kuna proceeded to the area where I saw the object, at my request, and conducted a search. It was negative. During the afternoon, flights of P-51s were sent out to cover the area, and some of them flew high altitude missions on oxygen. These searches were negative.

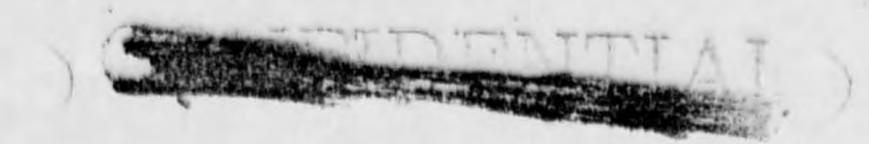
I was subsequently informed that personnel on both the United Air Lines side of Gowen field, and on the national guard side, observed a black object maneuvering in front of the same cloud formation, which by now had grown so that the clouds reached a probable height of 19,000 or 20,000 feet from a mean base of 13,500 or 14,000 feet, mean sea level. Three of these men were national guard personnel and I talked to them, asking them to describe what they saw, before talling them my story, in order to avoid suggestion or inference of a leading nature. They saw the object (from the ground) while I was on my second search. They believed the time to have been 14:00 hours. The object performed in the same erratic manner, they said, as I observed.

The above is the extent of the story, and information concerning myself is now in order.

I have approximately 2800 hours of flying time in equipment ranging from primary trainers to 3-29s. Of course, that does not increase my powers of observation except as to those practiced daily by an airman.

[INCLASSIFIED]





demands upon the eyes of a pilot.

At the time of the experience related above, I had flown fourteen and one-half hours on an assignment to find a disc and if possible, to photograph it. In all frankness, I was tired. I may have been suffering, although slightly, from want of oxygen.

Prior to sighting the object, I had concluded there was no point in pressing the search, that I probably would never see the disc-like objects referred to by and by Captain and of United Air Lines.

I therefore do not believe that I was the victim of suggestion or hypnosis. I am familiar with the optical illusion of a fixed object beginning to move after it is watched a sufficient length of time. I know what tricks the eyes will play as to moving bodies, and have learned of this particularly during night formation flying.

I saw the object appear suddenly. If it had moved in a jerky fashion (as it did at first) for the full length of time I observed it, I would not be so strong in saying that I saw something not an aircraft, not a balloon, and not a corpuscle moving across the retina of either eye. The maneuver described by the object when its edge was presented to me convinces me that I saw an object actually performing in an erratic flight path.

The question renains, of course, whether I saw it. The motion picture film, developed and processed by R. W. Stohr in the Eastman laboratories at

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241 Battery Street, San Prancisco, showed no trace of any object. Stehr says that if it can more than a mile distant from me at the size I described, the object would not have registered sufficiently on the film to be shown. He said it probably was too far away to be apparent even through great enlargement of the negative, and enlargement in that case is limited because of the size of the film and the fact I did not have any telescopic equipment on the lens. The exposure was f.16, stop set at infinity, at a speed of 16 frames per second.

I have worried over this matter a great deal since seeing it. I "took myself aside" and said, "come now, it is, don't be stupid." But I cannot bring myself to the point of thinking I did not see anything. The impression of the moment was too vivid, too realistic, and I knew in the air when I saw that partial slow roll or barrel roll, that I was not a victim of illusion.

I trust this matter will be of help to those investigating the flying disc phenomena which have been reported.

A chart is attached depicting the movements of the object as I saw it.

This statement is made voluntarily and freely, in response to the request of Mr. Brown and Captain Devidson, who called on me this morning.

/s/

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a notary public, this 12th day of July, 1947.

s/ **Carrier** 

Notary public for Ada county Idaho. My commission expires Jan 2, 1949.

COPY



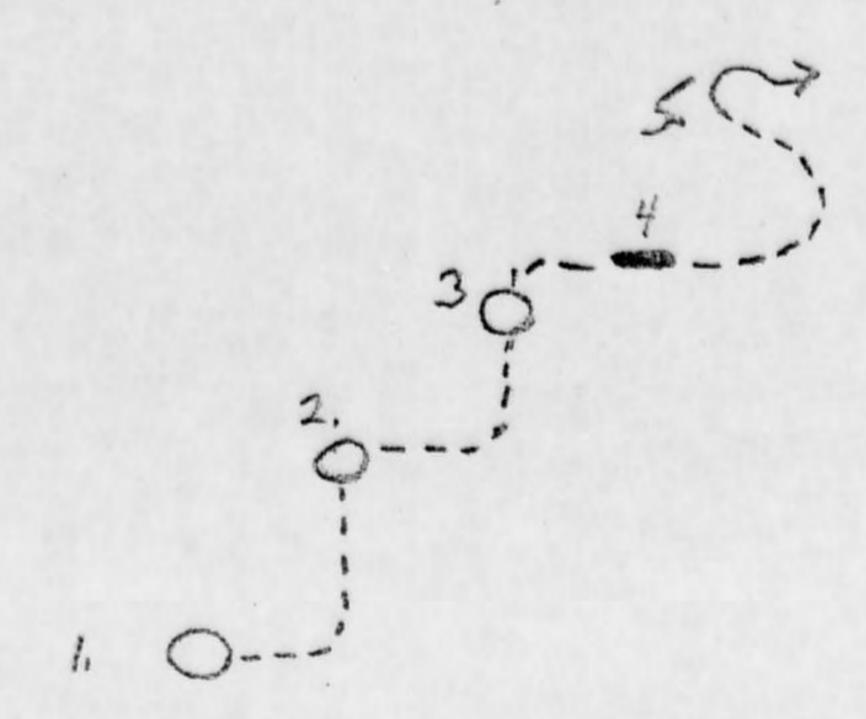
of the length of this particular ridge revealed it was approximately five miles, so it was extimated the chain of objects was five miles long.

Mr. Milles timed the objects between Mt. Ramier and Mt. Adams and determined they crossed this 47 miles in one minute and forty-two seconds. This is equivalent to 1656.71 miles per hour.

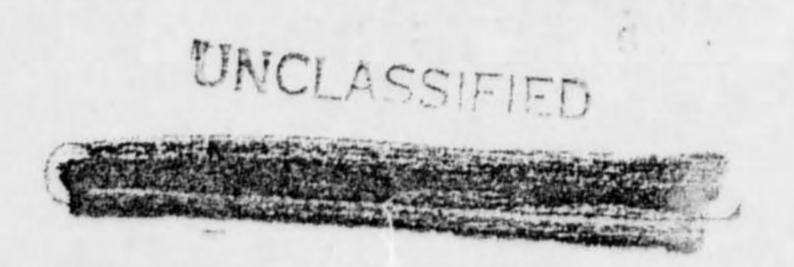
In a subsequent interview Mr. described the objects as appearing like saucers skipping on water. This description was shortened to flying saucers by some of the newspaper men and resulted in the popular use of this term.

It is the Air Force conclusion that the objects of this signting were due to a mirage. Mr. Arnold's statement concerning how smooth and crystal clear the air was is an indication of very stable conditions. These stable conditions are associated with inversions which increase the refraction index of the atmosphere.

Chart to that he reference is made on tage six, statument



This design portrays the movements of the object to which reference is made in the attached statement. At all times the object appeared as black. Positions (1), (2) and (3) show the jerky, rising motion. Position (4) is where the object rolled, presenting its edge to me. It then followed the dotted line, rolling over the top of the maneuver and disappearing at position (5).



LAN 1208 I 16 July 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGES

I. On 12 July 1947, Mr. Providental, Box 387, Boise, Idaho, was interviewed in regard to the report by Mr. Action that he saw 9 strange objects flying over the Cascade Mountain Range of Washington State on July 25th. Mr. Action voluntarily agreed to give the interviewer a written report of exactly what he had seen on the above mentioned date. The written report of Mr. Action is attached to this report as Exhibit A.

AGENT'S NOTES: Er Married and of 32 years of age, being married and the father of two children. He is well thought of in the community in which he lives, being very much the family man and from all appearances a very good provider for his family. Mr. Wr. has recently purchased a home on the outskirts of Boise, recently purchased a \$5,000 sirplene in which to conduct his business to the extent of which is explained in the attached, exhibit. It is the personal opinion of the interviewer that Mr. actually saw what he stated that he saw. It is difficult to believe that a man of Mr. would state that he saw objects and write up a report to the extent that he did if he did not see them. To go further, if Mr. Can write a report of the character that he did while not having seen the objects that he claimed he saw, it is the opinion of the interviewer that Are is in the wrong business, that he should be writing Buck Rogers fiction. Mr. . is very outspoken and somewhat bitter in his opinions of the leaders of the U.S. Army Air Forces and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for not having made an investigation of this matter sooner. To put all of the statements made by Mr. Article in this report would make it a voluminous volume. However, after having checked an seronautical map of the area over which Mr. claims that he saw the objects it was determined that all statements made by Mr. derived in regard to the distances involved, speed of the objects, course of the objects and size of the objects, could very possibly be facts. The distances mentioned by Wr. . I'm his report are within a short distance of the actual distances on aeronautical charts of this area, although I. has never consulted aeronautical charts of the type the Army uses. Are stated that his business had suffered greatly since his report on July 25 due to the fact that at every stop on his business routes, large crowds of people were waiting to question him as to just what he had sean. Mr. stated further that if he, at any time in the future, saw anything in the sky, to quote Mr. William warestly, "if I saw a ten story building

THE LEASIFIED ROLLASSIFIED

FRANK M. BROWN, S/A, CIC THE

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Lagident

flying through the air I would never say a word about it", due to the fact that he has been ridiculed by the press to such an extent that he is practically a moron in the eyes of the majority of the population of the United States.

1 Incl: Exhibit "A"

FRANK M. BROWN, S/A, CIC 974 AF

TO MA GO OF ES MILL

UNCLASSIFIED

73

SOME LIFE DATA ON-

UNCLASSITIED

I was born march 20, 1915 in Subeka, Minnesota. By father's name was my mother's maiden name was and the management of the state of the sta resident of innesota until I was six years old when my family moved to also homesteaded in Scobey, Montana, and became quite prominent in political circles along with Burton K. Wheeler, the famous Montana senator.

I went to grade school and high school at Minot, North Dakota. I entered scouting at twelve years of age and achieved the rank of Eagle scout before I was fourteen. My former scout executive was H. H. Prescott, now a regional commissioner for the Boy Scouts in Kanses City, Hansas.

As a boy, I was interested in athletics and was selected as an allstate end in 1932 and 1953 in the state of North Dakota. I entered the U. S. Olympic trials in fancy diving in 1932; I was a Red Cross Life Saving Examiner during the years of 1932, '33 and '34. I taught swimming and diving at scout camps and the municipal pool in Linot, North Dakota. I went to the University of linnesote, where I swam and did fancy diving under Reils Thorpe, and also played football under Bernie Bierman, but upon entering college I was unable to continue my football career because of an injured knee. 13 high school football coach was Glenn L. Jarrett, who is now the head football coach of the University of North Dakota. I had little or no finances, and my ambition in furthering my education in college was through my athletics. As a boy in linet, North Laketa, I did a good deal of dog sled racing, placed first with my dog in 1930 in the Lions Club Dog Derby.

In 1938 I went to work for Red Comet, Inc. of Littleton, Colorado, a manufacturer of automatic fire fighting apparatus. In 1939 I was made district manager for them over a part of the western states, and in 1940 I

. . . .

Control Supply. I have been working as an independent fire control engineer since, and I handle, distribute, sell and install all types of automatic and manual fire fighting equipment in the rural areas over five western states.

It ook my first flying lesson from Earl T. Vance, who was originally from Great Falls, Montana. Due to the high cost at that time, I was unable to continue my flying and did not fly of any great consequence until 1943.

I was given my pilot certificate by Ed Leach, a senior CAA inspector of Portland, Oregon, and for the last three years have owned my own airplane covering my entire territory with same and flying from forty to one hundred hours per month since. Due to the fact that I use an airplane entirely in my work, in January of this year I purchased a new Callair airplane, which is an airplane designed for high altitude take-offs and short rough field use.

In the type of flying I do, it takes a great deal of practice and judgment to be able to land in most any cow pasture and get out without injuring your airplane; the runways are very limited and the altitude is very high in some of the fields and places I have to go in my work. To date, I have landed in 823 cow pastures in mountain meadows, and in over a thousand hours a flat tire has been my greatest mishap.



0:0 P 1 . . .

# UNCLASSIFIED

The following story of what I observed over the Cascade mountains, as impossible as it may seem, is positively true. I never asked nor wanted any notoriety for just accidently being in the right spot at the right time to observe what I did. I reported something that I know any pilot would have reported. I don't think that in any way my observation was due to any sensivity of eye sight or judgment than what is considered normal for any pilot.

On June 24th, Tuesday, 1947, I had finished my work for the Central Air Service at Chehalis, Washington, and at about two c'clock I took off from Chehalis, Washington, airport with the intention of going to Yakima, Wash. My trip was delayed for an hour to search for a large marine transport that supposedly went down near or around the southwest side of Mt. Rainier in the state of Washington and to date has never been found.

9,500 feet, which is the approximate elevation of the high plateau from which Mt. Rainer rises. I had made one sweep of this high plateau to the westward, searching all of the various ridges for this marine ship and flew to the west down and near the ridge side of the canyon where Ashford, mashington, is located.

Unable to see anything that looked like the lost ship, I made a 360 degree turn to the right and above the little city of Mineral, starting again toward Mt. Rainier. I climbed back up to an altitude of approximately 9,200 feet.

The air was so smooth that day that it was a real pleasure flying and, as most pilots do when the air is smooth and they are flying at a higher altitude, I trimmed out my airplane in the direction of Yakima, Mashington, which was almost directly east of my position and simply sat in my plane observing the sky and the terrain.



There was a DC-4 to the left and to the rear of me-approximately

The sky and air was as clear as crystal. I hadn't flow more than two or three minutes on my course when a bright flash reflected on my airplane. It startled me as I thought I was too close to some other electraft. I looked every place in the sky and couldn't find where the reflection had come from until I looked to the left and the north of Mt. Rainier where I observed a chain of nine peculiar looking aircraft flying from north to south at approximately 9,500 foot elevation and going, seemingly, in a definite direction of about 170 degrees.

They were approaching Mt. Rainier very rapidly, and I merely assumed they were jet planes. Anyhow, I discovered that this was where the reflection had come from, as two or three of them every few seconds would dip or change their course slightly, just enough for the sun to strike them at an angle that reflected brightly on my plane.

These objects being quite far away, I was unable for a few seconds to make out their shape or their formation. Very shortly they approached Mt. Rainier, and I observed their outline against the snow quite plainly.

I thou ht it was very peculiar that I couldn't find their tails but assumed they were some type of jet plane. I was determined to clock their speed, as I had two definite points I could clock them by; the air was so clear that it was very easy to see objects and determine their approximate shape and size at almost fifty miles that day.

I remember distinctly that my sweep second hand on my eight day clock, which is located on my instrument panel, read one minute to 3 P.M. as the first object of this formation passed the southern edge of Mt. Rainier.

I watched these objects with great interest as I had never before observed



airplanes flying so close to the mountain tops, flying directly south to south each time to be to the mountain tops, flying directly south to south each time to be to the mountain tops, flying directly south to south each time to the way or another up or down, but they were pretty much on the horizon to me which would indicate they were near the same elevation as I was.

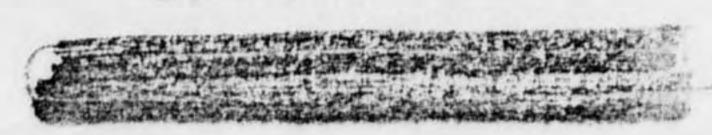
**西班方中国社会的社会的企业,并不是一个企业的企业,并不是一个企业的企业。** 

They flew like many times I have observed geese to fly in a rather diagonal chain-like line as if they were linked together. They seemed to hold a definite direction but rather swerved in and out of the high mountain peaks. Their speed at the time did not impress me particularly, because I knew that our army and air forces had planes that went very fast.

What kept bothering me as I watched them flip and flash in the sun right along their path was the fact that I couldn't make out any tail on them, and I am sure that any pilot would justify more than a second look at such a plane.

I observed them quite plainly, and I estimate my distance from them, which was almost at right angles, to be between twenty to twenty-five miles. I knew they must be very large to observe their shape at that distance, even on as clear a day as it was that Tuesday. In fact I compared a seus fastener or cowling tool I had in my pocket with them - holding it up on them and holding it up on the DC-4 - that I could observe at quite a distance to my left, and they seemed smaller than the DC-4; but, I should judge their span would have been as wide as the furtherest engines on each side of the fuschage of the DC-4.

The more I observed these objects, the more upset I became, as I am accustomed and familiar with most all objects flying whether I am close to the ground or at higher altitudes. I observed the chain of these objects passing another high snow-covered ridge in between Mt. Rainier and Mt. Adams,



and as, the first one was passing the south crest of this ridge the last

As I was flying in the direction of this particular riggs, I measured it and found it to be approximately five miles so I could safely assume that the chain of these saucer like objects were at least five miles long. I could quite accurately determine their pathway due to the fact that there were several high peaks that were a little this side of them as well as higher peaks on the other side of their pathway.

As the last unit of this formation passed the southern most high snow-covered crest of Mt. Adams, I looked at my sweep second hand and it showed that they had travelled the distance in one minute and forty-two seconds.

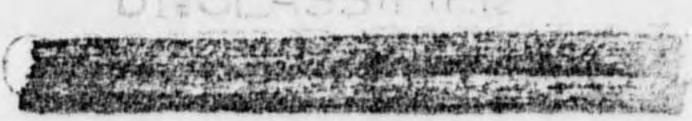
Even at the time this timing did not upset me as I felt confident after I would land there would be some explanation of what I saw.

A number of news men and experts suggested that I might have been seeing reflections or even a mirage. This I know to be absolutely false, as I observed these objects not only through the glass of my cirplane but turned my sirplane sideways where I could open my window and observe them with a completely unobstructed view. (Without sun glasses)

Even though two minutes seems like a very short time to one on the ground, in the air in two minutes time a pilot can observe a great many things and anything within his sight of vision probably as many as fifty or sixty times.

I continued my search for the marine plane for another fifteen or twenty minutes and while searching for this marine plane, what I had just observed kept going through my mind. I became more disturbed, so after taking a last look at Tieton Reservoir I headed for Yakima.

I might add that my complete observation of these objects, which I could even follow by their flashes as they passed lit. Adams, was around two



and one-half or three minutes—although, by the time they reached it. Adams they were out of my range of tision as few as determining shape of the course, when the sun reflected from one or two or three of these units, they appeared to be completely round; but, I am making a drawing to the best of my ability, which I am including, as to the shape I observed these objects to be as they passed the snow covered riages as well as Mt. Rainier.

when these objects were flying approximately straight and level, they were just a black thin line and when they flipped was the only time I could get a judgment as to their size.

These objects wereholding an almost constant elevation; they did not seem to be going up or to be coming down, such as would be the case of rockets or artillery shells. I am convinced in my own mind that they were some type of airplane, even though they didn't conform with the many aspects of the conventional type of planes that I know.

Although these objects have been reported by many other observers throughout the United States, there have been six or seven other accounts written by some of these observers that I can truthfully say must have observed the same thing that I did; particularly, the descriptions of the three Western/Air Lines/employees, the/gentleman from Oklahoma City and the locomotive engineer in Illinois, plus Capt and Co-Pilot States of United Air Lines

Some descriptions could not be very accurate taken from the ground unless these saucer-like disks were at quite a great height and there is a possibility that all of the people who observed peculiar objects could have seen the same thing I did; but, it would have been very difficult from the ground to observe these for more than four or five seconds, and there is always the possibility of atmospheric moisture and dust near the ground which could distort one's vision.

I have in my possession letters from all over the United States and people who profess that these objects have been observed over other portions of the



Incident No. 17 — 24 June 1947, afternoon, Mt. Rainier, Washington. One witness viewed nine "saucer-like discs" from the air calculated to be 20 to 25 miles distant, and 45-50 feet in length, (about 20 times as long as wide) which traveled 47 miles in 102 seconds (1700 MPM). Dr. Hynek calculated mathematically (see Appendix B) that assuming the estimate of distance to be accurate, in order to see such detail, the objects would need to have been at least 100 feet thick, therefore, 2000 feet long. If the estimated size is more nearly correct, then to have been seen as described, the objects would have been roughly six miles distant. At this distance they would have traveled only 11 miles in 102 seconds, or approximately 400 MPH. The entire report of this incident is replete with inconsistencies. It is to be noted that the observer has profited from this story by selling it to Fate magazine.

ANC Opinion: The report cannot bear even superficial examination, therefore, must be disregarded. There are strong indications that this report and
its attendant publicity is largely responsible for subsequent reports.



wereld, the literal Tredom, borrown, and Orlifernic.

I would have given almost snything that day to have had a novie camera with a telephoto lens and from now on I will never be without one - but, to continue further with my story. When I landed at the Yakima, Wash., airport I described what I had seen to my very good friend, Al camer, vic listened patiently and was very courteous but in a joking way didn't believe me.

I did not accurately measure the distance between these two mountains until I landed at Pendleton, Oregon, that same day where I told a number of pilot friends of mine what I had observed and they did not scoff or laugh but suggested they might be guided missiles or something new. In fact several former Army pilots informed me that they had been briefed before roing into combat everseas that they might see objects of similar shape and design as I described and assured me that I wasn't dreaming or going crazy.

I quote and a former Army Air Forces pilot who is now operating dusting operations at Pendleton, Oregon, "What you observed, I am convinced, is some type of jet or rocket propelled ship that is in the process of being tested by our government or even it could possibly be by some foreign government".

Anyhow, the news that I had observed these spread very rapidly and before the night was over I was receiving telephone calls from all parts of the world; and, to date I have not received one telephone call or one letter of scoffing or disbelief. The only disbelief that I know of was what was printed in the papers.

I look at this whole ordeal as not something funny as some people have made it out to be. To me it is righty serious and since I evidently did observe something that at least Mr. John Doe on the street corner or Pete Andrews on the ranch has never heard about, is no reason that it does not Even though I openly invited an investigation by the Army and the exist.

as to my capabilities, I have received no interest from those was immortant protective forces of our country; I will so so far as to assume that any report I gave to the United and Associated Press and over the radio on two different occasions which apparently set the nation buzzing, if our lilitary Intelligence was not aware of what I observed, they would be the very first people that I could expect as visitors.

I have received lots of requests from people who told me to make a lot of wild guesses. I have based what I have written here in this article on positive facts and as far as guessing what it was I observed, it is just as much a mystery to me as it is to the rest of the world.

/s/

traveling this way

The Boise, Idaho.

They seemed longer than wide, their thickness was about 1/20th of their width

Side View This was Mirror Bright

They did not appear to me to whirl or spin but seemed in fixed position, traveling as I have made drawing NCLASES/France

92

Cefer to Jage 16/2 Buck The Gamen of the Sauces The Flying Saucer as Fl

Mirage or Wave Clouds? What did K actually see, that June afternoon in 1947? No absolutely certain answer is possible after so long a time.

The objects may have been a mirage (see Figure 3) in which the hills or mountains. An up-and-down wave motion may be impressed upon the air, provided that temperature and wind conditions are suitable. As the air describes its wavelike path, it alternately warms and cools, the warming taking place as it sinks into the wave trough and the cooling as it ascends to the wave crest. If the air is very dry, the undulating current will not be visible to the eye, although the updrafts and downdrafts will readily be felt by aircraft that chance to pass through them. On the other hand, if the air before entering the wave is moist enough, the cooling in the wave crest will cause water droplets to condense and a cloud to appear.

In the vicinity of an isolated peak the cloud may assume the form of a cap covering the summit, or it may be displaced slightly downwind and resemble a lens or disk. Not infrequently a series of lenticular clouds will appear, trailing downwind at regular intervals of a few miles. Although these wave clouds are usually stationary, they sometimes move at great speed, especially when the air temperature is changing rapidly.

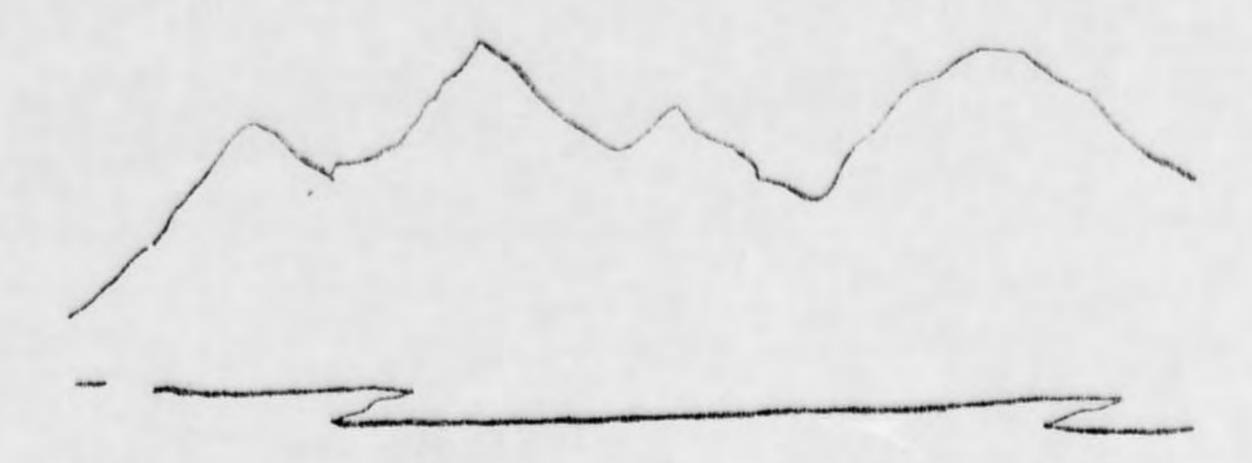
From a study of a remarkable photograph made in 1956, R. J. Reed of the University of Washington has offered striking evidence that the disks was saw were actually wave clouds in rapid motion.

On the afternoon of December 29, 1956, a photographer for the Seattle Times was on top of Pigtail Peak near White Pass, Washington (not far from the area where Arnold's nine disks had appeared), taking ski pictures for the rotogravure section of the Sunday Times. The weather was beautiful. Down in the pass temperatures hovered near freezing, but the slopes were warmed by sunlight that filtered down through thin cirrus clouds and raised the temperature to a balmy fifty degrees. Just at sunset a strange object suddenly appeared off toward the northeast horizon. Several skiers urged the photographer to take a picture of the "flying saucer," but since it was still far away and indistinct, he waited. The first object, now followed by a second one, moved rapidly toward Mount Ranier, began to sharpen in outline, and both were soon so clearly visible that he was able to snap his unusual picture. The photograph shows two apparently solid, disklike objects, flattened, brilliantly white but dark at the bottom, apparently linked together by white streamers, skimming toward the mountain peak.

Recognizing the close resemblance between the objects in the photograph and those the state described, Reed made a full analysis of the weather conditions prevailing at the time the picture was taken. From radiosonde data provided by the Seattle-Tacoma Airport, he obtained measurements of the size of the clouds, their height above the mountains, wind directions, and temperature and humidity at mountain height and cloud height. Obviously the pattern of weather conditions that prevailed that day was suitable for the formation of saucerlike clouds.

To test the hypothesis that Accordance had seen such clouds, he then obtained records of the weather data for June 24, 1947, to determine whether atmospheric conditions on the two dates were basically similar. To be comparable, while we did have as he blowering from the north monthwest in Mr. Arnold's case since the objects were sighted to the south and southeast of the peak. The air would have to be dry at lower elevations and moisture would have to be spreading in a higher levels. An inspection of the historical maps

Galley 16-THE WORLD OF FLYING SAUCERS



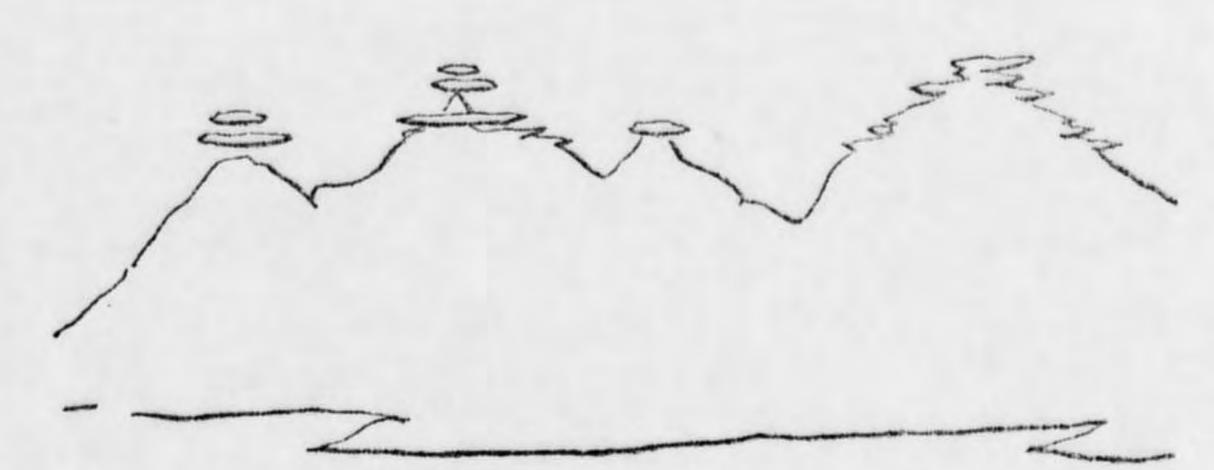


Figure 3. Mirage of mountain peaks. Top, normal view of mountain chain; bottom, mirage in which some of the peaks seem to be detached and above the peaks, like saucers.

peaks of the mountains seemed to float above the mountain chain [25]. An alternative and at least equally probable explanation is that he observed orographic clouds, a type unique to mountainous country, which often appear to stand more or less motionless and can assume dramatic shapes. "Grindstone" clouds, shaped like the thick, solid disks they are named for, are common phenomena in the valleys just east of the Sierra Nevada in California and in the mountainous regions of Washington, Colorado, and New Mexicoareas where flying-saucer reports have tended to concentrate [26a]. One of the most spectacular types of mountain cloud, they closely resemble the "pile d'assiettes" or "stack of plates" formation in which the cloud assumes a flat, round shape like a plate or a saucer, and two or more are piled together in a neat stack like a layer cake. A beautiful picture of a "stack of plates" (which some observers reported as a hovering flying saucer) was made on May 31, 1953, near Jindabyna, Snowy Mountains, New South Wales, and reproduced in Weather in November 1954 (Plate 47). The cloud formed areas a tule channel damenacion in the mountains and remained ata

LO!

The overture to the Flying Saucer opera took place in the summer of 1947, presenting the main themes that were to develop with fantastic variations during the fifteen-year-long drama that followed: mysterious apparitions in the sky, alleged interplanetary visitors, government investigators, growing public exictement, civilians itors, government investigators, growing public exictement, and elabowho zealously encouraged the hysteria, and, as a climax, and elabowho zealously encouraged material "evidence" to prove the existence of spaceships.

### Arnold's Nine Disks

The first man to report a flying saucer was a veteran pilot named representative of a fire-control equipment firm in Bois, Idaho. On the afternoon of June 24 Arnold was flying a private plane on his way from Chehalis to Yakima, Washington. Above the Cascade Mountains at about 9200 feet, he noticed a series of bright flashes in the sky off to his left. Looking for the cause, he saw what appeared to be a formation of peculiar aircraft approaching Mount Ranier at fantastic speed. There were nine very bright, disk-shaped objects which he estimated to be twenty to twenty-five miles away, forty-five to fifty feet long, and traveling at a speed of almost 1700 miles an hour. Talking with a reporter that evening, Arnold said that the objects "flew like a saucer would if you skipped it across the water." In a later report to Air Force Intelligence he stated: "They flew very close to the mountaintops, directly south to southeast down the hogback of the range, flying like geese in a diagonal, chainlike line, as if they were linked together. . . . They were flat like a piepan and so shiny they reflected the sun like a

Newspapers all over the country picked up the story and printed it under headlines describing flying pies, flying piepans, and flying saucers. Alert to the possibility that the objects might have been a new type of aircraft of Russian origin, investigators from Military and officials from Air Technical Intelligence interviewed.

No one doubted word. He was an experienced pilot, a respected citizen, and a careful observer. Nevertheless his description showed some inconsistencies that made it difficult to decide what the nine disks really were. If they had actually been forty-five what the nine disks really were much closer than he thought; or fifty feet long, they must have been much closer than he thought; objects that size would not have been visible at a distance of twenty objects that size would not have been visible at a distance was corto twenty-five miles. However, if the estimated distance was cortect, then in order to be visible the objects must have been much larger, at least 210 feet long. One of the estimates must be wrong—

but which one? Until that question was settled, the computed speed was meaningless, since to estimate the velocity of a moving object, an observer must know either its true distance or its true size. Even after a careful study, Air Force investigators could not identify the disks; they might have been clouds, a mirage, or some kind of aircraft, but no definite answer was possible from the evidence available.

Predictably, after so much publicity, a rash of similar sightings broke out all over the country and continued for the rest of the summer. During the hot months of the "silly season," newspapers are traditionally hospitable to tales of barnyard freaks, sea serpents, and man-bitten dogs. Such stories were now shoved aside as people in every state began to report unorthodox objects sailing through the sky—flying disks, flying dimes, flying ice-cream cones, flying shoe heels, and flying hubcaps. Seeing saucers became a national pastime, but who had reported the strange objects in all good faith, resented the implied ridicule. Deluged with telephone calls and mail, he resolved to keep silent in the future even if he should happen to see a ten-story building flying through the air.

In spite of the publicity, the flying-saucer scare would probably have died with the first frost of autumn but for the efforts of a talented writer, editor, and publisher of science fiction, Raymond A. Palmer. Among the many letters received was one from Palmer, then editor of Amazing Stories. Tired of being laughed at, found the tone of "sincere interest" so appealing that he answered the letter [2]. After a second letter a week later, he changed his mind about keeping silent and agreed to sell his story for publication.

Under the title, "I Did See the Flying Disks," the article appeared in the first issue of a new magazine, Fate, which published "true stories of the strange, the unusual, the unknown." [3] Although was not a professional writer, he had the assistance of an expert and produced a vivid, clearly written story—Palmer had had unusual experience in helping fledgling authors tell their tales. Interesting differences between this original statements and those in the magazine version demonstrate how much he must have owed to editorial help. Without it, he might not have included certain colorful details that he had apparently overlooked earlier. In his original reports, for example, he said that he had at first supposed the disks to be some type of experimental aircraft; in the magazine version he added that, even at the time, the objects had given him

### Galley 12-THE WORLD OF FLYING SAUCERS

"an eerie feeling." In the intervening months he had also remembered more about their shape (see Figure 2). He no longer de-

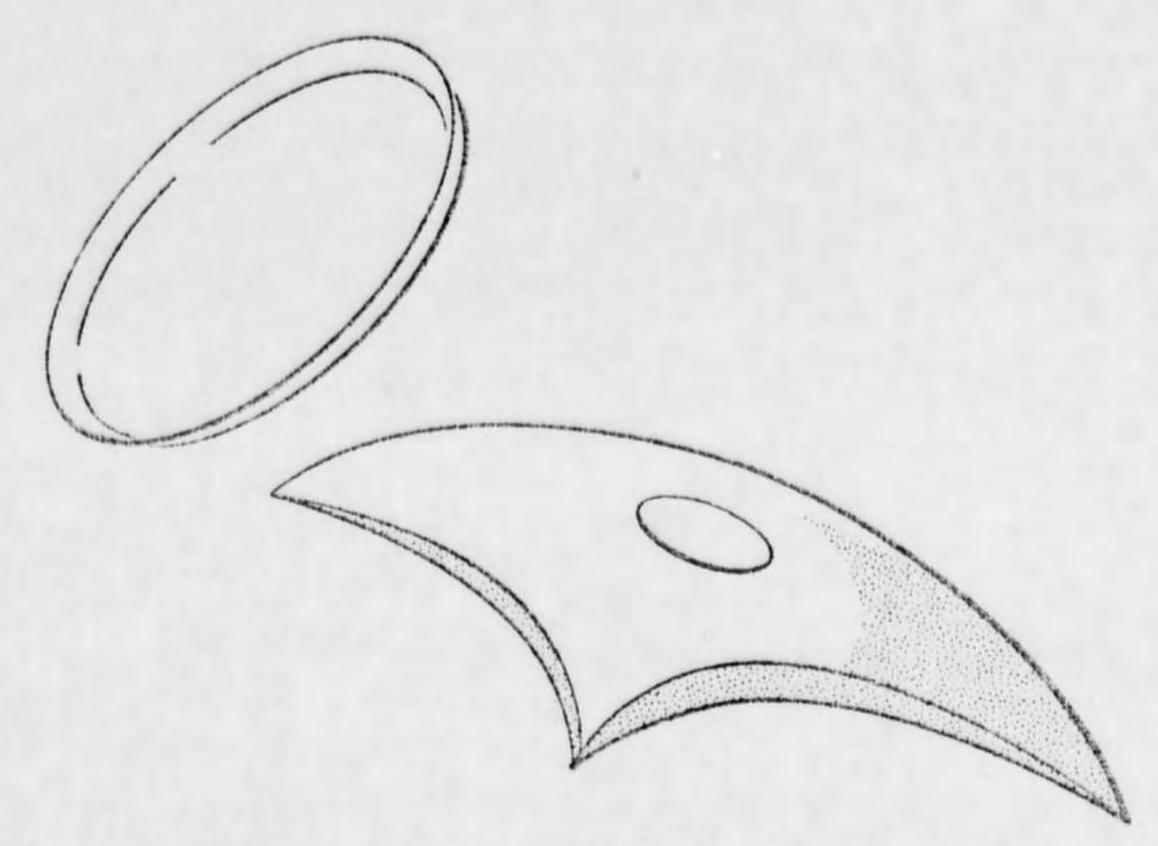


Figure 2. A flying saucers. Left, as first described; right, as later sketched.

scribed them as saucer-like, flat and shiny like piepans. Instead, a picture based on his revised account shows objects like the crescent moon with a sharp protrusion on the inner, concave side and a dark, mottled circle marking the center of the top surface. Furthermore, he told the readers of *Fate*, one object had been darker than the others and of a slightly different form—a detail he had forgotten to mention to reporters, to military officials, to his friends, or even to his wife.

Arnold had never been much of a reader and was not a science-fiction fan, but his interests were obviously widening. The next two issues of *Fate* carried other articles under his name. Palmer's growing influence is suggested by the titles: "Are Space Visitors Here?" [4] and "Phantom Lights of Nevada." [5]

ARNOUD CREW

Incident #17 -- Lt. hanier, mashington -- 24 June 1947

There appears to be no astronomical explanation for this classic incident, which is the prototype of many of the later flying saucer stories.

It is impossible to explain this incident away as sneer nonsense, if any credence at all is given to Mr. A integrity. nowever, certain inconsistencies can be pointed out in the facts as reported:

pright rlash on his plane, which was followed by numerous other similar flashes. If these were something like the flash one gets from a distant mirror, it means that the reflection was specular, or direct. For a direct reflection, the angle between the observer, sun, and object must be "just right," and at such distances as 20 or 20 miles, the chance of a series of direct reflections is extremely small. If the object was a diffuse reflector — that is, scattering the sunlight falling on it, much as the moon or a balloon does — then at such a distance it seems quite unlikely that —r. If would have been startled, or that our attention would have been called to it, unless the objects reflecting were extremely large.

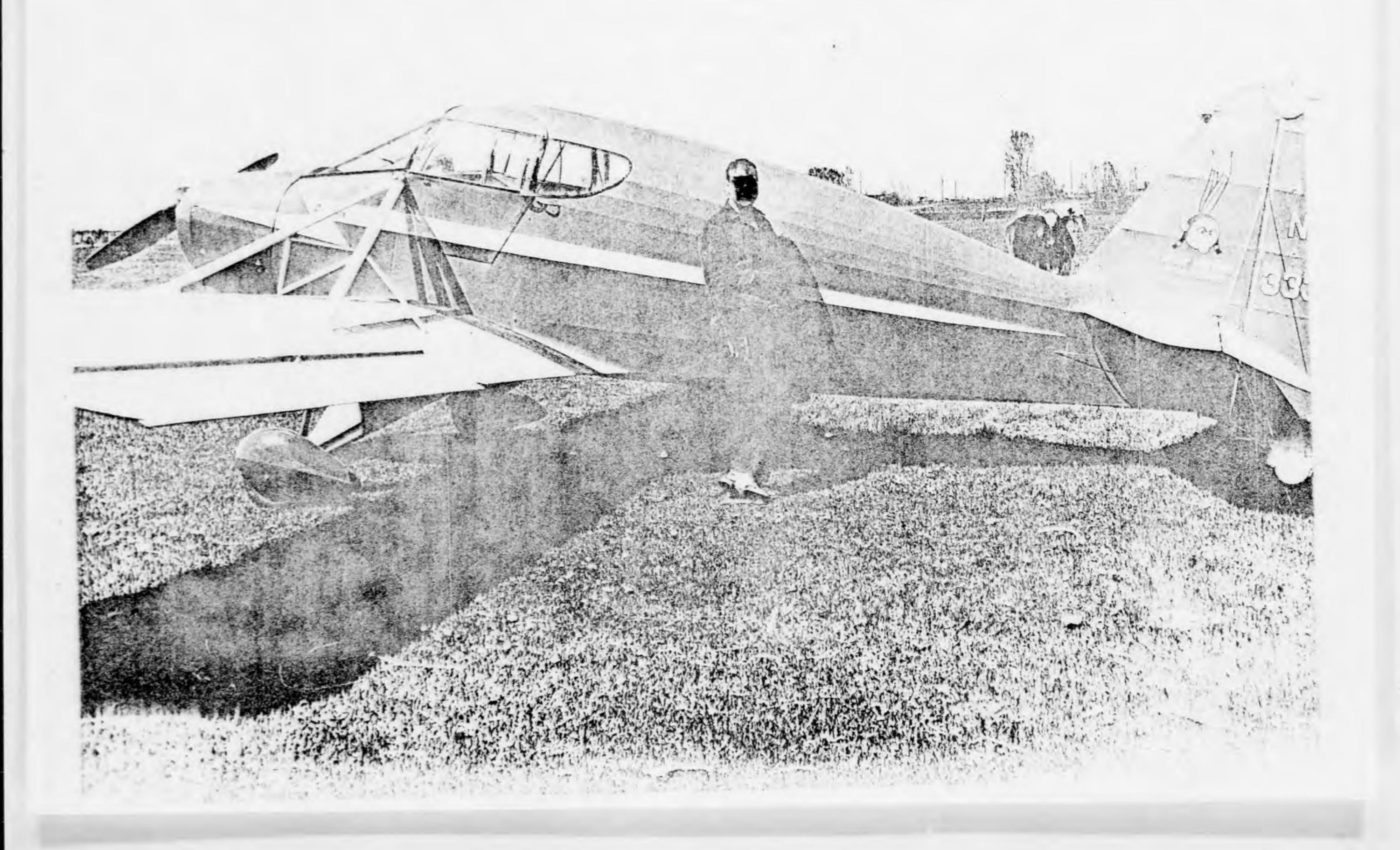
The supersonic speeds called for if the estimated distance is correct also throw suspicion on the original calculations; by computation (see below) it can be seen that, considering the detail which arnold observed in the objects, at least one of his estimates



FINAL GALLEY PROOF

Galley 17—THE WORLD OF FLYING SAUCERS

Reed concludes that, although we can never know for certain, the implication that the *Times* photographer and *Know the Viewed* essentially the same phenomenon seems "inescapable."



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Kenneth Arnold, businessman flyer, holds camera at Boise, Idaho, airport where he described seeing flying discs over Cascade Mountains in Washington. He didn't get any pictures.

# Who Has the Saucer? 40 States Join Game

(By Associated Press)

The game of spotting flying saucers broadened yesterday to include Massachusetts and Vermont, as stories about the dises continued to swirl fully as rapidly as the objects themselves.

Explanations of the phenomena ranged from the theory that they were radio-controlled flying missiles sent aloft by U. S. military scientists, to the suggestion that they might be merely sunlight relected on wing tanks of jet-propelled planes.

### One That Didn't Move.

A Spokane, Wash., woman insisted the objects she saw were "about the size of a five-room house" but a Clearwater, Fla., woman said the disks she observed resembled pie pans.

At Rutland, Vt., a woman reported she and her husband witnessed a brilliant object in the
night sky which she assumed to
be a flying saucer, although it was
stationary.

But at Cambridge, Mass., a housewife said she saw "a group of white, flying saucers whirling around and going at a tremendous speed."

The Massachusetts and Vermont reports brought to 40 the number of states in which the objects have been observed.

Thinks He Saw 'Em First.

With New England getting into the game the Harvard University astronomical observatory took note of the reports, but said it had had no luck so far in photographing one of the discs.

The mysterious saucers first were reported June 25 in the state of Washington, but Charlie T. Hamlet, superintendent of the Kingsport, Tenn., Times News composing room, said yesterday he had seen the discs two years ago.

They were of a bright, aluminum color" and "were going at

plaining he kept quite about them because of the Oak Ridge atomic bomb plant, then a war secret.

# Hying Pies' Stir Skepticism

## -Army, CAA Officials Unable to Explain Whizzing, Mysterious Objects-

of nine mysterious objects—big which travels at about 3,500 as airplanes—whizzing over Western Washington at 1,200 fast to be seen." miles an hour.

Boise, Idaho, businessman who reported seeing them, clung, however, to his story of the shiny, flat objects, each as big as a DC-4 passenger plane, racing over Washington's Cascade Mountains with a peculiar weaving motion "like the tail of

An Army spokesman in Wash-

Pendleton, Ore .- (AP) -- Army ington, D. C., commented, "as miles an hour-and that's too

Kenneth Arnold, a flying the V-2 rockets would not re- directly in front of him 25-30 away, he said. The DC-4 pilot semble the objects reported by Arnold, and that no high-speed experimental tests were being made in the area where Arnold said the objects were.

A Civil Aeronautics Administration inspector in Portland, Ore., added, "I rather doubt that anything would be traveling that

Arnold described the objects and CAA spokesmen expressed far as we know, nothing flies as "flat like a pie-pan," and so skepticism today over a report that fast except a V-2 rocket, shiny that they reflected the thing so fast." sun like a mirror.

> 2:59 p. m. two days ago toward they were too big-as big as a The spokesman added that Mt. Rainier when they appeared DC-4 that was about 20 miles miles away at 10,000 feet alti- reported nothing unusual

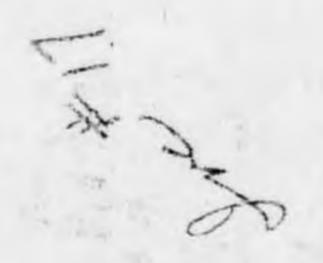
them at 1:42 minutes for the 47 miles from Mt. Rainier to Mt. motion was wrong for jet jobs." Adams, Arnold said, adding that? "I guess I don't know what he later figured by triangulation that their speed was 1,200 miles an hour.

"I could be wrong by 200 or -ness trip.

.300 miles an hour," he admitted. "but I know I never saw any-

He said at first he thought He said he was flying east at they were accee, but quickly saw sighted. Then Arnold said he By his plane's clock he timed thought of jet planes and started to clock them. "but their

> they were-unless they were guided missiles," said Arnold. who continued here on a busi-





UP - Fersons in 7 states including the Lieutenant Governor of lubbo today reported they had seen the mysterious "flying saucers".

The projectiles variously described as "too fast for an airplane and not fast enough for a falling star", "not moving at all" and "traveling at great speed", were reported seen last night streaking over Denver.

It was the first report of the saucers in almost a week. Persons in Oregon, California, New Mexico, and Idaho reported seeing various versions of the unexplained projectiles.

strange "comet-like object hanging in the western sky June 24." That was the day and of Boise, Idaho first reported seeing the projectiles over southeast Washington. It is add the object he and 3 other witnesses saw "didn't move but just seemed to go below the horizon with the rotation of the earth."

At Denver, Harmin and Warming and said they caught a brief glimpse of a group of "bright objects" flying at about 5,000 ft. last night.

washingTon - Army research experts can't explain the flying saucers but they are investigating, they said.

At first, Army officers laughed off the reports, now they are beginning to take them seriously. At any rate, the air research center at Wright Field, Ohio is looking into the reports and all service intelligence agencies are at work on them.

### Recution to His Story of Flyi Saucers Causes Idaho Businessman to Snudder

PENDLETON, Ore., June 27 .- (U.P.) Kenneth Arnold said Friday he would like to get on one of his 1,200-mile-an-hour "Flying Saucers" and escape from the furore caused by his story of mysterious aircraft flashing over southern Washington. "I haven't had a moment of peace probably Russia. since I first told the story," the 32year-old Boise, Idaho, businessman-|I'm right."

pilot sighed. He said a preacher called him from Texas and informed him that the strange objects Arnold claimed to have seen batting through the ozone actually were harbingers of doomsday.

Arnold said he didn't get the preacher's name during their phone conversation, but the min- short of radar. ister said he was getting his clocks "ready for the end of this world."

That was unnerving, according to cently by Col. Albert Boyd in a P-80. ing Arnold, but it wasn't half as disconcerting as the episode in a Pendleton cafe.

Arnold said a woman rushed in, took one look at him and then dashed out shrieking "there's the man who saw the men from Mars." She rushed out of the eating place "sobbing that she would have to do MIT its something for the children," Arnold leve

ck - Arnold, a representative of a fire control equipment firm, startled the M country Thursday by reporting he 23 had seen nine shiny round objects a b skimming through the air in forma- pita tion between Mt. Rainier, Wash., and Mt. Adams. Arnold said he was able to clock them with the stop ray watch on his own plane's instruinent panel. He said they were spinlining off a neat 1,200 m. p. h.

"This whole thing has gotten out of hand," Arnold went on. "I want to talk to the FBl or someone.

"Half the people I see look at me as a combination Einstein, Flash Gordon and Screwball, I wonder what my wife back in Idaho thinks."

But all the hoopla and hysterics haven't caused Arnold to change his mind or back down. He doesn't care if the experts laugh him

off. He said most of his aviator Jo friends tell him that what he saw war were probably either one of two the things: New planes or guided mis- lis siles still in the U. S. Army Air | Ch forces' secret category. Some the- de orized they were experimental equipment of another nation, Mr

"Most people," he said, "tell me ess

But meanwhile, aeronautical experts in Washington and elsewhere me were teeing off on Arnold's story tio with facts and figures straight out of au the books.

Their principal point seemed to be fice that if Arnold's saucers moved as fast as he claimed, they couldn't CA have been tracked with anything

The fastest man has yet flown is erv 647 miles per hour-s record set re-lide

ad added with a shudder.

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### THE DAYTON DAILY NEWS

SECOND SECTION

THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1947

PAGE 11

## Fast "Flying Pie-Pans" Stump Army CAA Men

The second secon

PENDLETON, Ore., June 26.

—(P)—Army and CAA spokesmen expressed skepticism today
over a report of nine mysterious
objects—big as airplanes—whizzing over western Washington at
1200 miles an hour.

Kenneth Arnold, a flying Boise, Idaho, businessman who reported seeing them, clung, however, to his story of the shiny, flat objects, each as big as a DC-4 passenger plane, racing over Washington's Cascade mountains with a peculiar weaving motion "like the tail of a kite."

An Army spokesman in

Washington, D. C., commented, "As far as we know, nothing flies that fast except a V-2 rocket, which travels at about 3500 miles an hour—and that's too fast to be seen."

The spokesman added that the V-2 rockets would not resemble the objects reported by Arnold, and that no high-speed experimental tests were being made in the area where Arnold said the objects were.

A Civil Aeronautics Administration inspector in Portland, Ore., added, "I rather doubt that anything would be traveling that fast."

Arnold described the objects as "flat like a pie pan," and so shiny that they reflected the sun like a mirror.

He said he was flying east at 2:59 p. m. two days ago toward Mt. Rainier when they appeared directly in front of him 25-30 miles away at 10,000 feet altitude.

By his plane's clock he timed them at 1:42 minutes for the 47 miles from Mt. Rainier to Mt. Adams, Arnold said, adding that he later figured by triangulation that their speed was 1200 miles an hour.

"I could be wrong by 200 or 300 miles an hour," he admitted, "but I know I never saw anything so fast."

He said at first he thought they were geese, but quickly saw they were too big—as big as a DC-4 which was about 20 miles away, he said.

The DC-4 pilot reported noth-

ing unusual sighted.

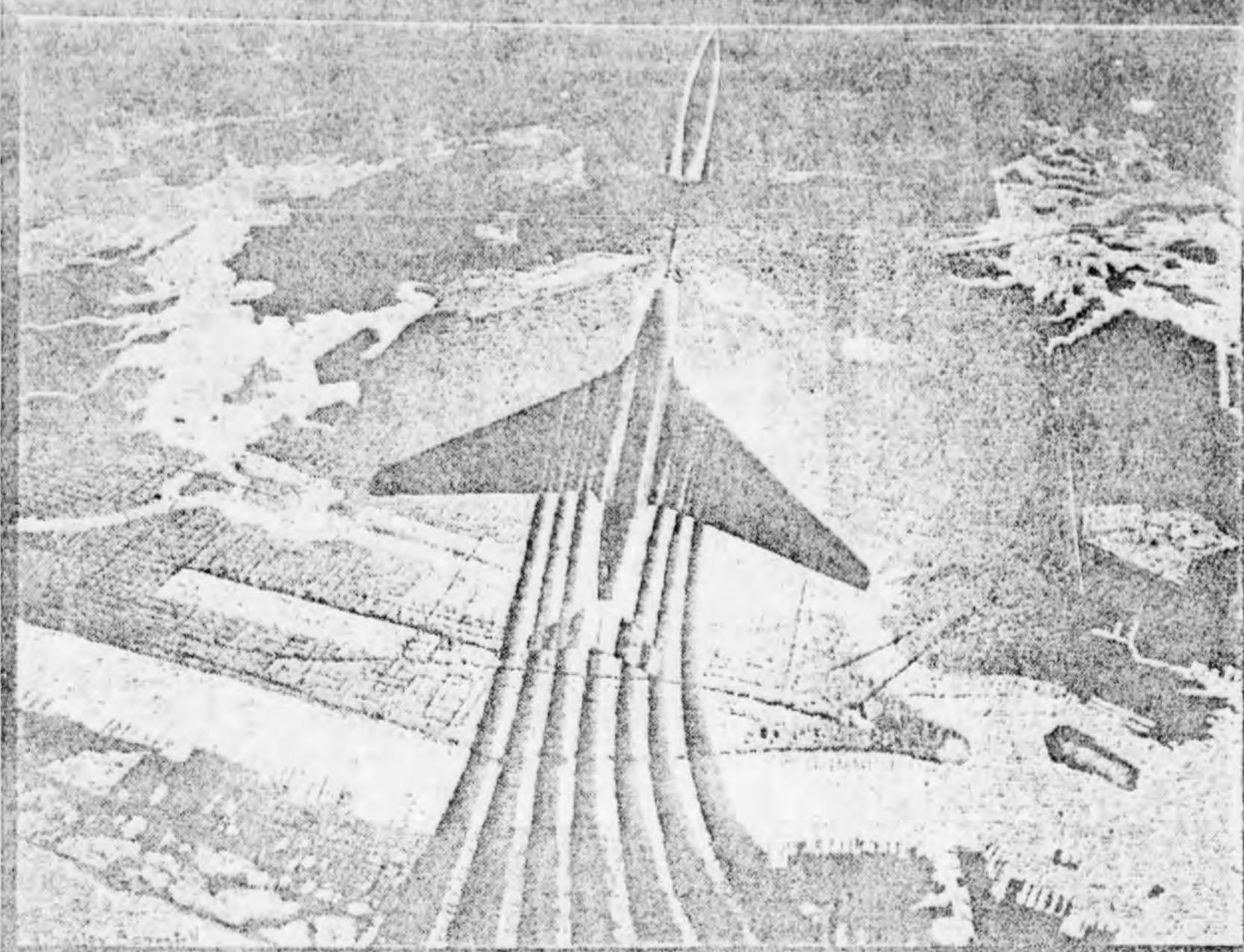
Then Arnold said he thought of jet planes and started to clock them, "But their motion was wrong for Jet jobs."

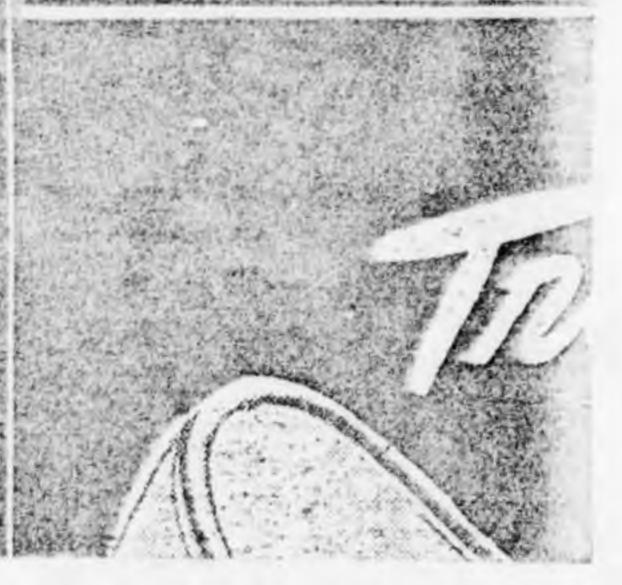
"I guess I don't know what they were—unless they were . guided missiles," said Arnold, who continued here on a business trip.

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THE PILE

# TENER BIRTHER





Incident #17 -- page 2

must have been erroneous:

as wice. Let us assume that the thickness was just discernible, which means that the object was just at the limit of resolution of the eye.

Now, the eye cannot resolve objects that subtend an angle of appreciably less than 3 minutes of arc, and, in general, for any detail to be seen at all, the angle subtended must be much greater. Even if we assume the limiting resolution or 3 minutes, then, if the distance was 25 miles, elementary calculations show that each object must have been at least.

100 feet thick, and if, as an interesting indicate, the object was some 20 times longer than wide, it must have been about 2000 feet long.

Looking at the matter in another way and assuming that describes estimate of distance as 20 to 20 miles (120,000 feet) and his estimate of length as 40 to 50 feet are both correct, then it can be shown that the object will subtend an angle of only about 80 seconds of are, which is definitely below the limit of resolution of the eye.

If would actually saw the objects, and if his estimate of distance is correct, that of size cannot be, and vice versa. It seems most logical to assume that his estimate of distance is far too great. In fact, assuming a reasonable limiting size to the objects of 400 feet, in order to show the detail that the drawings indicate, the distance must have been not over roughly six miles. At this distance the objects would have travelled 11 miles (rather than 47 miles) in 102 seconds, or at a rate of approximately 400 aPm.



N. Y. Her Ed Thime

# P More Flying Discs simil or that they were suided missiles from toreign soil. Reported in West many sockers in anything that could go 1200 miles an hour but no re-

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## THE 200 MEP III

By The Associated Press Conjecture multiplied yesterday as widely separated areas reported incredibly fast disk-like objects flashing through the sky-but skepticism remained.

Following a report Wednesday at Pendleton, Ore, by Kenneth Amold, of Boise Incho, that he had seen nime saucer-shaped shiny objects altoping and skimming through the sky between Mi. Reinfermol Mis Adams in Wash ingion State at an estimated 1200 milles air home came these obserand the state of t

Byron Salving Oktober 1997 or six weeks ago he observed a find disk-like object hurtling through the sky at tremendous speed

At Kansas Chtv. Mo. W. B Davenbort a carbenter said tha on Wednesday he, too, saw min speeding objects moving wer high in the sky They were going fast and he could not make ou their shape. However, he reported engine sound and vapor trails.

CONTRIBUTE SO BEING WALLS & BITTE Shingler said

FOUNDATION FILE TO PROPERTY TO THE POSITION OF were nearly our of signi

### INCIDENT INDEA

### 1. Astronomical

- Eigh probability:
  726, 27, 30, 51, 32, 53, 54, 48, 49, 59, 60, 66, 69, 70, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 101, 102, 103, 104, 116, 119, 132, 136, 140, 147, 148, 158, 174, 184, 185, 187, 197, 203, 204, 208, 216, 219, 238.
- b. Fair or low probability:

  #19, 20, 23, 24, 28, 35, 36, 46, 50, 63, 67, 86, 82, 93, 100,

  112, 120, 121, 129, 130, 144, 153, 165, 166, 167, 175, 192,

  199, 202, 205, 220, 230, 240.

### 2. Non-astronomical but suggestive of other explanations

- a. Balloons or ordinary aircraft:

  #5, 11, 22, 41, 42, 53, 54, 73, 81, 83, 91, 92, 113, 114, 115,
  126, 131, 138, 141, 145, 155, 156, 157, 159, 160, 161, 163,
  169, 171, 173, 178, 180, 182, 188, 190, 194, 195, 196, 196,
  200, 201, 209, 210, 217, 222, 235, 237, 239.
- b. Rockets, flares or falling bodies: #4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 25, 56, 65, 78, 106, 107, 108, 109, 133, 170, 211, 218.
- o. Miscellaneous (reflections, suroral streamers, birds, etc.):
  #59, 89, 123, 124, 128, 146, 164, 181, 189, 214, 221, 231, 234.

### S. Ron-astronomical, with no explanation evident

- a. Lack of evidence precludes explanation: #38, 44, 45, 47, 55, 57, 72, 86, 87, 88, 90, 99, 110, 117, 118, 125, 127, 137, 139, 149, 150, 177, 179, 191, 206, 212, 213, 229, 232, 233.
- b. Evidence offered suggests no explanation: \$\frac{1}{2}, 2, 10, 17, 21, 29, 37, 40, 51, 52, 58, 61, 62, 64, 68, 71, 75, 76, 77, 79, 84, 105, 111, 122, 135, 151, 152, 154, 162, 168, 172, 176, 183, 186, 193, 207, 215, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 236, 241, 242, 243, 244, 134.

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  229, 232, 233.
- b. Evidence offered suggests no explanation:

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  75, 76, 77, 79, 84, 105, 111, 122, 135, 151, 152, 154, 162,

  168, 172, 176, 183, 186, 193, 207, 215, 223, 224, 225, 226,

  227, 236, 241, 242, 243, 244, 134.

to airport in his personal plane headed for Yakima, Washington. Ir. will trip was delayed for an hour to search for a large marine transport that supposedly went down near or around the southwest side of lit. Renier.

After take-off Mr. And flow directly toward Mt. Ranier at an altitude of approximately 9,500 feet, which is the approximate elevation of the high plateau to plateau from which is. Parise reces. So have one award of this high plateau to the westward, searching all of the various ridges for the marine ship and flew to the west near the ridge side of the campon where Ashford, Washington is located.

Unable to see anything that looked like the lost ship, Mr. Mr. made a 360° turn to the right above the little city of Mineral, starting again toward Mt. Ranier and climbing to an altitude of 9,200 feet.

The pilot reported that the air was so smooth that it was a real pleasure flying and, as most pilots do when the air is smooth and they are at a higher altitude, he trimmed out the aircraft and simply sat in his plane observing the sky and the terrain.

Mr. reported that there was a DC-h to the left and to the rear of him at a approximately 14,000 fect. The siry was reported to be as clear as a crystal. He hadn't flown more than two or three minutes on his course when a bright flash reflected on his airplane. He looked every place in the sky and couldn't find where the reflection had come from. The pilot looked to the left and north of lit. Ranier where he observed a chain of nine peculiar looking aircraft flying from north to south at approximately 9,500 feet and going, seemingly, in a direction of about 170 degrees. They were approaching Mt. Ranier very rapidly, and he assumed they were jet aircraft. Every few seconds two or three of the objects would aim or change course slightly, just enough for the sun to strike them at an angle and reflect brightly. The objects being quite far away, he was unable for a few seconds to make out their shape or formation. As they approached Mt. Ranier he observed their outline quite clearly. Mr. stated that he found it very peculiar that he couldn't find their tails but assumed they were some type of jet aircruft. The objects were observed to pass the nouthern edge of Mm. Ramier flying directly south to southeast down the hog's hack of a mountain range. The elevation of the objects was estimated to have varied approximately a thousand feet one way or another but remained very mear the horizon which would indicate they were near the same elevation as the witness. Let. We stated that the objects flew like geese, in a rather alagonal chain-like line as if they were linked together. They seemed to hold a definite direction but swerwed in and out of the high mountain peaks. The witness estimated the distance between him and the objects to be approximately 25 miles. Using a Zeus fastener or cowling tool he estimated the size of the objects to be approximately two thirds that of a DO-4. He observed the UFO's passing a high snow-covered ridge in between Mt. Ranier and Mt. Adams and reported that as the first object was passing the south crest of this ridge the last one was entering the northern crest of the ridge. Later measurement